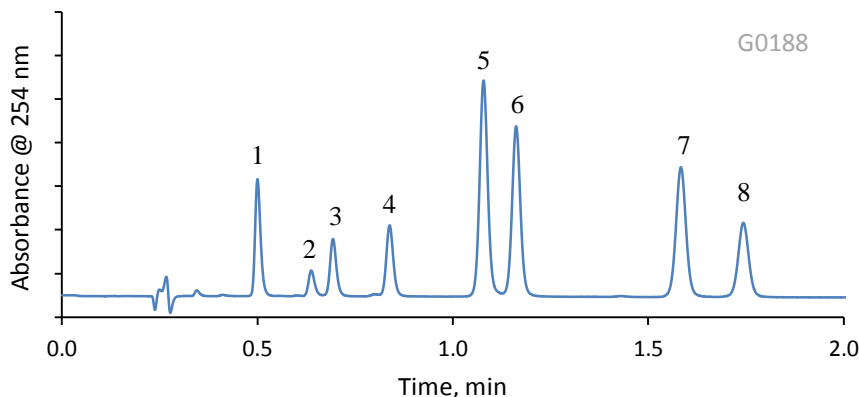


Separation of Sulfonamides on HALO® 2 µm Biphenyl



PEAK IDENTITIES:

1. Sulfacetamide
2. Sulfadiazine
3. Sulfapyridine
4. Sulfamerazine
5. Sulfamethoxazole
6. Sulfamethazine
7. Sulfamethoxypyridazine
8. Sulfachloropyridazine

TEST CONDITIONS:

Columns: HALO 90 Å Biphenyl, 2 µm, 2.1 x 50mm

Part Number: 91812-411

Mobile Phase A: Water, 0.1% Formic acid

Mobile Phase B: Acetonitrile, 0.1% Formic acid

Gradient:

Time	% B
0.0	15
2.0	20

0.0 15

2.0 20

Flow Rate: 0.5 mL/min

Initial Pressure: 257 bar

Temperature: 40°C

Detection: 254 nm, PDA

Injection Volume: 1 µL

Sample Solvent: Acetonitrile

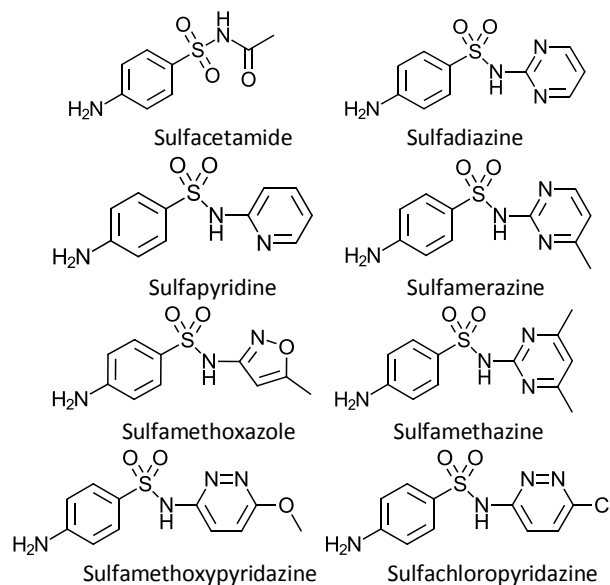
Data Rate: 100 Hz

Response Time: 0.025 sec.

Flow Cell: 1 µL

LC System: Shimadzu Nexera X2

STRUCTURES:



A mixture of sulfonamides is separated on a HALO 90 Å Biphenyl, 2 µm column in less than 2 minutes. These synthetic drugs have several purposes, but are mainly used to treat bacterial infections such as urinary tract infections, eye infections, or ear infections. HALO Biphenyl shows increased retention compared to alkyl phases due to the enhanced interactions between the aromatic moieties of the sulfonamides and the biphenyl structure. These interactions also enable more retention of polar compounds on the HALO Biphenyl phase. When a complex mixture contains a variety of polar and non-polar compounds, use a HALO Biphenyl column as part of the method development screening.